

Social Studies Test Study Guide: Chapter 1 Section 1

Test Date: Tues. 10/1

Study Guide Review/Due Date: Thurs. 9/26

Know the definitions of the following term and their significance in history:

- Paleolithic Era (p. 124-126)
- Neolithic Era (p. 127-131)
- Ice Ages (p. 125-126)
- Gatherers (p.124-125)
- Agriculture (p. 127-128)
- Domestication (p.127-128)
- Specialization of labor (p. 131)
- Surplus(p. 131)
- Hunter-

- Where were the oldest bones of humans found? (p. 123)
- Tool-making with stones marks the beginning of what time period? (p.126)
- What were conditions like during the Ice Ages? (p.125-126)
- What did hunter-gatherers do to find food? What were the jobs of men and women? (p. 124-125)
 - How did the lifestyles of hunter-gatherers change over time with the development of agriculture/farming?

Please be able to write complete & details sentences to answer ALL parts of the following questions:

- *What 3 things was fire originally used for by early humans? Why was it such an important discovery for survival?
- *What does a surplus mean in agriculture? What are the benefits of a surplus? What does (division) specialization of labor mean? How did surpluses help to bring about the specialization of labor (different jobs) other than farming?